Mathematics	Term 1 Cycle 1	Term 2 Cycle 1	Term 3 Cycle 1	Term 1 Cycle 2	Term 2 Cycle 2	Term 3 Cycle 2
Year 5 Maths						
Number & Place Value						
 read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1 000 000 and determine the value of each digit 						
 count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1 000 000 						
 interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers, including through zero 						
 round any number up to 1 000 000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10 000 and 100 000 						
 solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above 						
• read Roman numerals to 1000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman numerals.						
Addition & Subtraction						
 add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction) 						
add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers						
 use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy 						
 solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why. 						
Multiplication & Division			1			· ·
 identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of two numbers 						
 know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non- prime) numbers 						
• establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19						
 multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers 						

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multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts			
divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written			
method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context			
 recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation for squared (2) and cubed (3) 			
 solve problems involving multiplication and division including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes 			
 solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign 			
 solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates. 			
Fractions			
compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number			
 identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually, including tenths and hundredths 			
 recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements > 1 as a mixed number 			
 add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and denominators that are multiples of the same number 			
 multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams 			
read and write decimal numbers as fractions			
 recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents 			
 round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place 			
read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places			
solve problems involving number up to three decimal places			
 recognise the per cent symbol (%) and understand that per cent relates to 'number of parts per hundred', and write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100, and as a decimal 			

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• solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{4}$,				
$\frac{1}{5}$, $\frac{2}{5}$, $\frac{4}{5}$ and those fractions with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25.				
Measurement				
 convert between different units of metric measure (for example, kilometre and 				
metre; centimetre and metre; centimetre and millimetre; gram and kilogram; litre and millilitre)				
 understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints 				
 measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres 				
 calculate and compare the area of rectangles (including squares), and including using standard units, square centimetres (cm2) and square metres (m2) and estimate the area of irregular shapes 				
 estimate volume [for example, using 1 cm3 blocks to build cuboids (including cubes)] and capacity [for example, using water] 				
solve problems involving converting between units of time				
 use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation, including scaling. 				
Properties of Shapes				
identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2-D representations				
 know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles 				
draw given angles, and measure them in degrees (o)				
identify:				
 angles at a point and one whole turn (total 360o) 				
 angles at a point on a straight line and a turn (total 180o) 				
other multiples of 90o				
 use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles 				
 distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles. 				
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 identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed. 			
Statistics			
 solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph 			
complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables.			